socionext

2Q FY2025/3
Consolidated
Financial Results

October 31, 2024 Socionext Inc.

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Cautionary Note Regarding "Design Win Amount" and "Design Win Balance"

Cautionary Note Regarding "Design Win Amount" and "Design Win Balance"

The calculation of "Design Win Amount" and "Design Win Balance" involves a considerable degree of future estimation and subjective judgment, including assumptions regarding development plans, development costs, NRE revenues, per-unit prices and estimated future product sales volumes as well as the estimated lifespan and likelihood of cancellation of particular products. Product sales volumes are estimated based on preliminary customer indications of volume as well as our own projections made using historical customer transaction data, third-party market data and other factors while restrictions on the available manufacturing capacity for our products are not fully taken into account. In connection with analyzing our net sales and determining our design win balance, we take into account whether any customer demand constitutes "special demand," a term we use to refer to short-term customer demand resulting from stockpiling and other activities that do not reflect current underlying demand. We determine whether any given demand is special demand on a case-by-case basis at our own discretion based on our assessment of a variety of factors related to the demand in question. As a result, amounts that we identify as special demand may not be objectively accurate in light of such definition of "special demand." We believe that it is appropriate to exclude such short-term "special demand" amounts from our design win balance because the design win balance is intended to serve as an index to evaluate and analyze our long-term revenue trends. In terms of our net sales, net sales that are attributable to "special demand" should be viewed as short-term inflated demand that may be front-loading longer-term demand, and thus such sales should be appropriately deemphasized when analyzing historical and future trends in our results of operations. While "Design Win Balance" is not impacted by the occurrence or the amount of "special demand," it can fluctuate by reflecting changes in assumptions for forecasts of demands except for "special demand." We may change our calculation method for "Design Win Amount" and "Design Win Balance" and have done so in the past, and thus a direct period-to-period comparison may not be meaningful beyond describing general trends over an extended period. Design win information is calculated on a management accounting basis and is formulated and used internally for management's assessment of business performance and strategic initiative planning. Due to our relatively short operating history under our new business model and the extended period of time before a design win contributes to our product revenue, we have limited financial data that can be used to evaluate our business and future prospects, and our management believes that our operating results in recent fiscal years may not be indicative of our future performance. We present design win information for reference purposes only. You should not place undue reliance on design win information presented herein. Please refer to page 2 of this presentation regarding certain risks associated with forward-looking statements.

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Consolidated Financial Results for the 6 Months Ended September 30, 2024

- Consolidated Financial Results 2Q FY2025/3
- Consolidated Earnings Forecast Full-Year FY2025/3



2Q FY2025/3 Consolidated Statements of Income

								(Yen	in billions
		FY2024/3				FY20 <u>2</u>	25/3		
		1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	YoY	YoY %
Net Sales		61.4	55.5	52.7	51.6	52.8	46.4	-9.1	-16.5%
	Product Revenue	52.9	48.5	40.5	40.9	42.3	37.7	-10.9	-22.4%
	NRE Revenue	8.4	6.8	11.9	10.5	10.3	8.4	1.6	23.5%
	Others	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	55.3%
Cost of Sales		34.5	28.2	24.6	23.9	22.9	22.2	-6.0	-21.2%
	Product Cost Ratio	65.2%	58.2%	60.8%	58.4%	54.3%	59.1%		
Selling, General a Expenses	and Administrative	16.8	18.7	18.8	20.2	19.6	18.9	0.1	0.7%
	R&D	12.2	12.5	13.6	15.0	15.0	13.8	1.3	10.8%
	SG&A (excl. R&D)	4.7	6.3	5.1	5.1	4.6	5.1	-1.2	-19.4%
Operating Incom	e	10.1	8.6	9.3	7.6	10.3	5.3	-3.3	-38.2%
	Margin	16.5%	15.4%	17.6%	14.7%	19.4%	11.4%		
Profit		8.0	7.3	5.0	5.8	7.6	4.0	-3.3	-45.3%
	Margin	12.9%	13.2%	9.5%	11.3%	14.3%	8.6%		
FX Rate (USD/JP)	Υ)	137.4	144.6	147.9	148.6	155.9	149.4		

1H FY2025/3 Consolidated Statements of Income

					(Yen in billions)
		FY2024/3	FY2025/3		
		1H	1H	YoY	YoY %
Net Sales		117.0	99.2	-17.8	-15.2%
	Product Revenue	101.4	80.0	-21.5	-21.29
	NRE Revenue	15.2	18.8	3.5	23.3%
	Others	0.3	0.5	0.1	41.6%
Cost of sales		62.7	45.2	-17.5	-28.0%
Cost of sales	Product Cost Ratio	61.8%	56.5%		
Selling, General Expenses	and Administrative	35.6	38.4	2.9	8.0%
	R&D	24.6	28.8	4.1	16.8%
	SG&A (excl. R&D)	11.0	9.7	-1.3	-11.8%
Operating Incom	ne	18.7	15.6	-3.1	-16.7%
	Margin	16.0%	15.7%		
Profit		15.3	11.6	-3.7	-24.2%
	Margin	13.1%	11.7%		
FX Rate (USD/JP	Υ)	141.0	152.6		

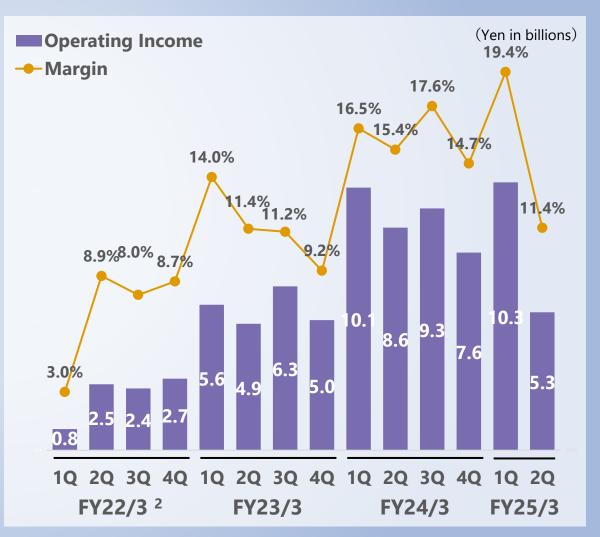
Quarterly Net Sales and Operating Income



Net Sales¹



Operating Income¹



^{1.} The quarterly figures are highly volatile and may fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter as they are greatly affected by the development status of individual projects.

^{2.} Quarterly financial results of FY 22/3 are unaudited and unreviewed by external auditors

Details of 2Q FY2025/3 Financial Results - YoY Changes

Net Sales & Operating Income





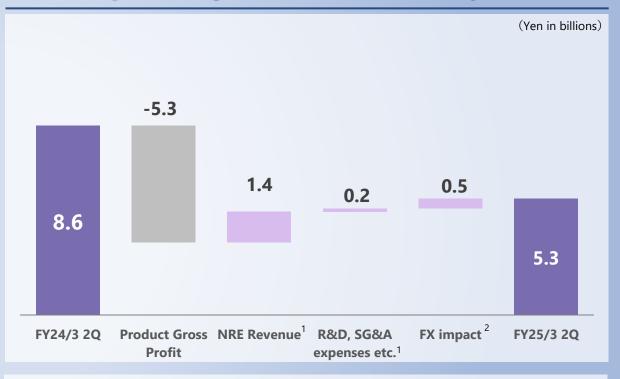
<Net sales> YoY -9.1 bn yen (-16.5%)

➤ Product revenue: - 10.9 bn yen (FX impact +1.0 bn yen)

➤ NRE revenue: +1.6 bn yen (FX impact +0.2 bn yen)

➤ FX Impact: +1.3 bn yen (USD/JPY 144.6→149.4)

Operating Income YoY Analysis



<Operating income > YoY -3.3 bn yen (-38.2 %)

➤ Gross profit from product revenue: - 5.3 bn yen

➤ NRE revenue: +1.4 bn yen

➤ R&D, SG & A, etc.: +0.2 bn yen

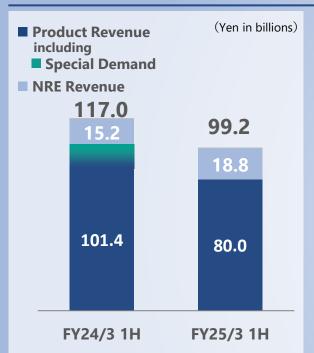
➤ FX Impact: +0.5 bn yen

^{1.} R&D cost connected to NRE revenue is recorded as an expense. Accordingly, NRE does not fully contribute to an increase in operating income for a particular period.

^{2.} FX impact is an increase or decrease from the previous year or quarter caused by change in USD/JPY exchange rate. The FX impact is excluded from the other factors shown in the operating income analysis.

Details of 1H FY2025/3 Financial Results - YoY Changes

Net Sales & Operating Income





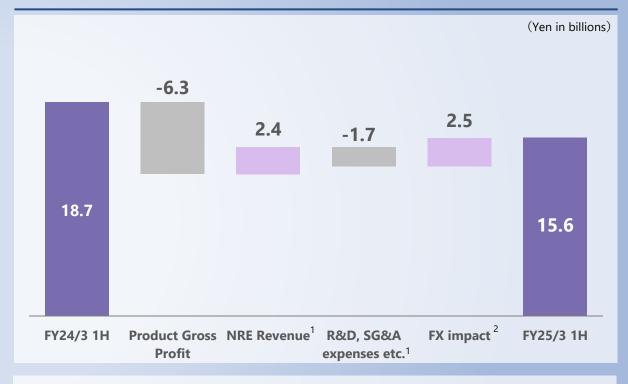
<Net sales> YoY -17.8 bn yen (-15.2%)

➤ Product revenue: - 21.5 bn yen (FX impact +5.4 bn yen)

➤ NRE revenue: +3.5 bn yen (FX impact +1.2 bn yen)

➤ FX Impact: +6.5 bn yen (USD/JPY 141.0→152.6)

Operating Income YoY Analysis



<Operating income > YoY -3.1 bn yen (-16.7 %)

➤ Gross profit from product revenue: - 6.3 bn yen

➤ NRE revenue: +2.4 bn yen

➤ R&D, SG & A, etc.: - 1.7 bn yen

➤ FX Impact: +2.5 bn yen

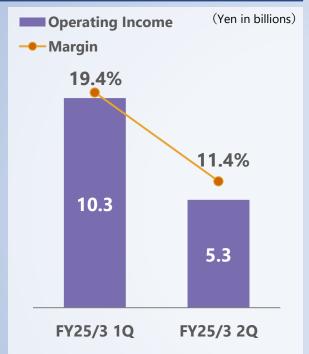
^{1.} R&D cost connected to NRE revenue is recorded as an expense. Accordingly, NRE does not fully contribute to an increase in operating income for a particular period.

^{2.} FX impact is an increase or decrease from the previous year or quarter caused by change in USD/JPY exchange rate. The FX impact is excluded from the other factors shown in the operating income analysis.

Details of 2Q FY2025/3 Financial Results - QoQ Changes

Net Sales & Operating Income





<Net sales> QoQ -6.4 bn yen (-12.1%)

➤ Product revenue: - 4.6 bn yen (FX impact -1.4 bn yen)

➤ NRE revenue: - 1.9 bn yen (FX impact -0.3 bn yen)

FX Impact: - 1.7 bn yen (USD/JPY 155.9→149.4)

Operating Income QoQ Analysis



<Operating income> QoQ -5.0 bn yen (-48.5 %)

➤ Gross profit from product revenue: - 3.3 bn yen

➤ NRE revenue: - 1.6 bn yen

➤ R&D, SG & A, etc.: +0.5 bn yen

FX Impact: - 0.7 bn yen

^{1.} R&D cost connected to NRE revenue is recorded as an expense. Accordingly, NRE does not fully contribute to an increase in operating income for a particular period.

^{2.} FX impact is an increase or decrease from the previous year or quarter caused by change in USD/JPY exchange rate. The FX impact is excluded from the other factors shown in the operating income analysis.

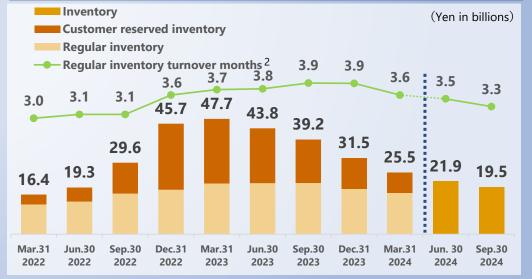
Consolidated Balance Sheet (As of September 30, 2024)

ı			(Yen in billions)
	As of Mar.31,2024	As of Sep.30,2024	Change
Total Assets	186.8	177.8	-9.0
Total Current Assets	138.9	132.3	-6.6
Cash on-hand and in banks	69.7	74.0	+4.2
Accounts receivable-trade	35.3	29.8	-5.4
Inventories ¹	25.5	19.5	-6.0
Accounts receivable-other	2.9	3.7	+0.8
Total non-Current Assets	47.9	45.6	-2.3
Total Liabilities	55.8	39.9	-15.9
Total Current Liabilities	53.1	37.4	-15.7
Accounts payable-trade	15.8	12.5	-3.2
Accounts payable-other	9.3	10.2	+0.9
Liabilities related to changeable subcontracting	9.3	3.3	-6.1
Total Net Assets	131.0	137.9	+6.9
Shareholders' Equity Ratio	70.1%	77.6%	

Cash on Hand and in Banks



Inventories



^{*} From this fiscal year, sum of "Customer reserved inventory" and "Regular inventory" is disclosed as "Inventory"

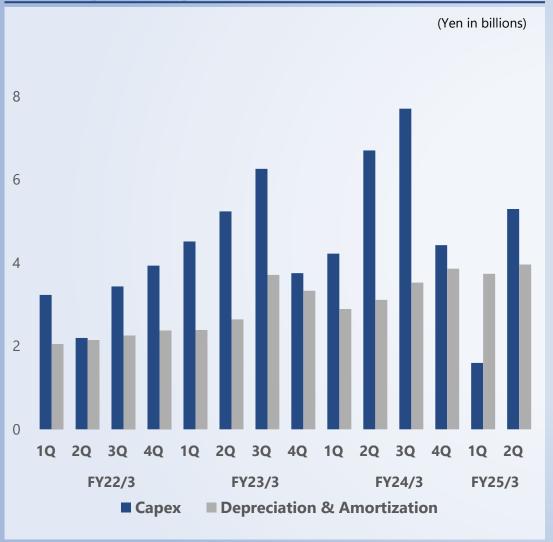
^{*} Inventory turnover months =
Ratio of "inventories balance" and "Cost of Sales average of forecast for next 3 months"

^{1.} Inventories consist of finished goods and work in process

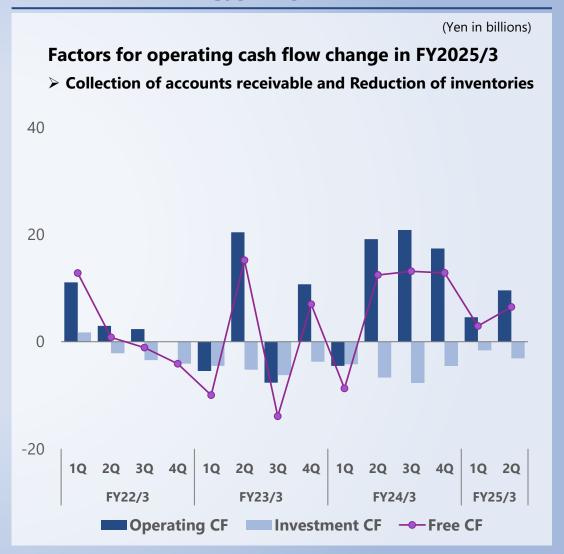
^{2.} Regular inventory turnover months = Ratio of "ordinary inventories balance" and "Cost of Sales average of forecast for next 3 months"

Capex-Depreciation & Amortization / Cash Flow

Capex¹-**Depreciation** & Amortization²



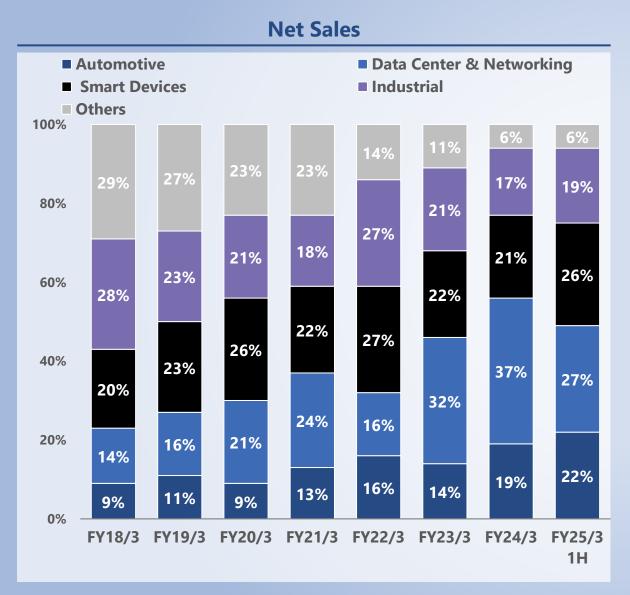
Cash Flow²



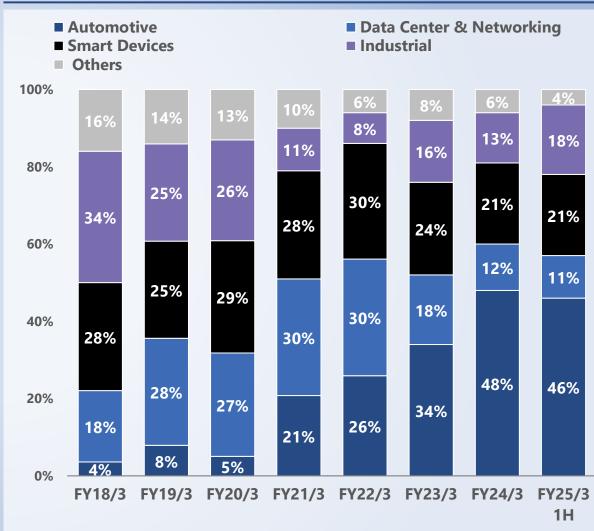
^{1.} Capex: Purchases of PP&E + purchase of intangible assets

^{2.} Quarterly financial results of FY 22/3 are unaudited and unreviewed by external auditors

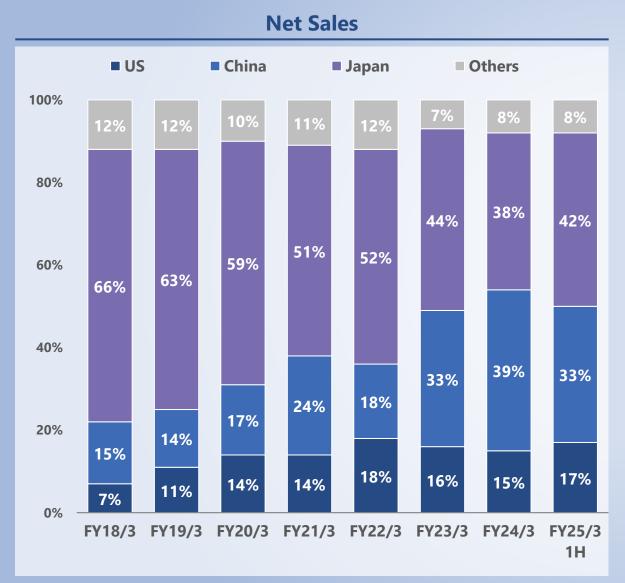
Breakdown by Application Market



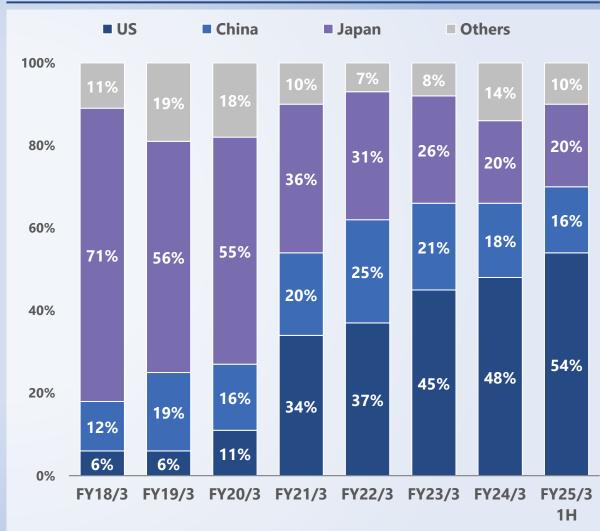
NRE Revenue



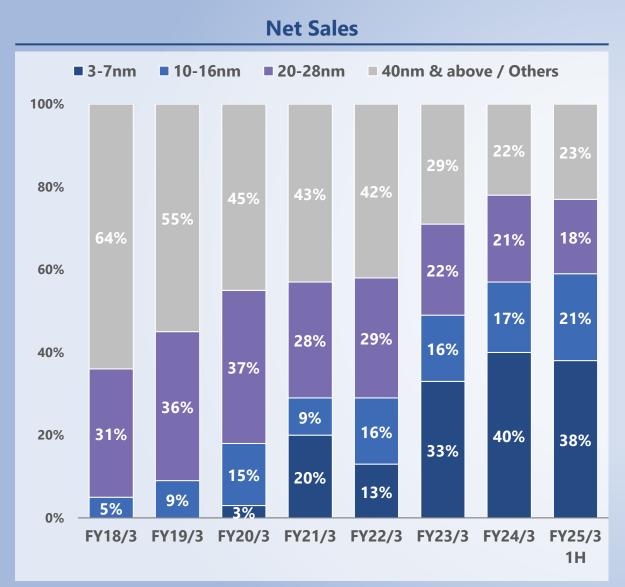
Breakdown by Geographic Region



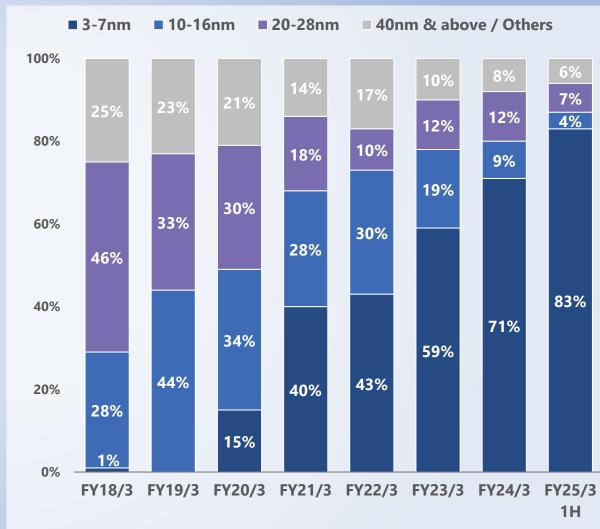
NRE Revenue



Breakdown by Process Node



NRE Revenue



Consolidated Earnings FY2025/3 Full-Year Forecast

The full-year forecast for Net Sales and Operating Income has not changed, but substantially (excluding FX impact), both are expected to be approximately 10% below the initial forecast.

		1		(Yen in	billions)
	FY2024/3	FY2025/3	FY2025/3		
	Full-Year Results	Full-Year Forecast as of April 2024	Full-Year Forecast as of October 2024	YoY	YoY %
Net Sales	221.2	200.0	200.0	-21.2	-9.6%
Operating Income	35.5	27.0	27.0	-8.5	-24.0%
Margin	16.1%	13.5%	13.5%	-2.6%pt	
Profit	26.1	19.5	19.5	-6.6	-25.4%
Margin	11.8%	9.8%	9.8%	-2.0%pt	
Basic Earnings per Share ^{1,3}	148.39 yen	109.13 yen	108.79 yen		
Dividends per Share ^{2,3}	48.00 yen	50.00 yen	50.00 yen		
FX Rate (USD/JPY)	144.6 yen	130.0 yen	141.3 yen		

FX rate for 2H FY2025/3 is assumed to be USD/JPY=130.
FX sensitivity for 2H FY2025/3 is assumed to be (approx.) 0.5 bn yen for Net Sales and 0.15 bn yen for Operating Income, to 1-yen change against USD, for the 6-month period. (As of April 2024, the sensitivity was 1.2 bn yen for Net Sales and 0.325 bn yen for Operating Income, for full-year)
Impact of other currency is assumed to be negligible.

^{1. &}quot;Basic Earnings per Share" in FY2025/3 full-year forecast has been revised to reflect the change in the number of shares since April 2024. It is based on 176,119,044 shares for FY2024/3 results and FY2025/3 forecast as of April 2024, and 179,239,208 shares for FY2025/3 forecast as of October 2024. This change is due to an exercise of stock option.

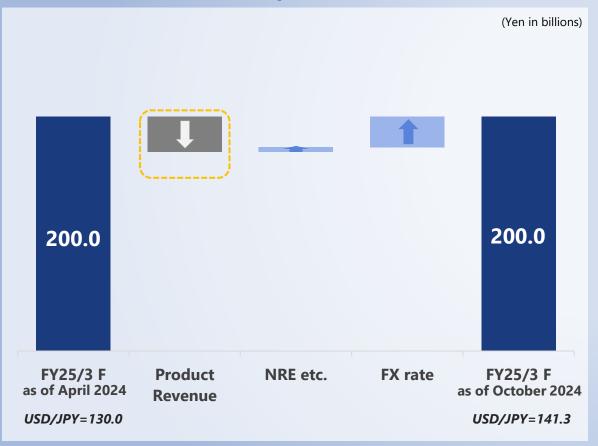
^{2.} Estimated dividends per share for FY2024/3 was 42.00 yen as of April 2023 and 46.00 yen as of October 2023.

[.] Basic earnings per share and dividends per share are calculated based on the number of shares after the stock split. The Company conducted a five-for-one stock split of shares of common stock held by shareholders listed or recorded in the final shareholders' register as of December 31, 2023.

Net Sales FY2025/3 Full-Year Forecast (vs. April 2024 Forecast)

- Net Sales, substantially (excluding the FX impact), are expected to be approximately 10% below April 2024 forecast
 - By application: decreased mainly in Data Center & Networking
 - By region: decreased mainly in China, remained almost unchanged in other regions

Net Sales (vs April 2024 Forecast)



Product Revenue (vs April 2024 Forecast)



To clearly show the factors of product revenue fluctuation, "substantial fluctuation", excluding the impact of FX, is calculated by assuming the rate of USD/JPY=130.

> FX rate for 2H FY2025/3 is assumed to be USD/JPY=130. (1H FY2025/3: USD/JPY=152.6)

Net Sales FY2025/3 Full-Year Forecast (vs. FY2024/3 Results)

- Product revenue expected to decrease due to: end of Special Demand, weak demand for Data Center & Networking in China, as well as weak demand in FA and office equipment. Decrease is mainly in China, while other regions remain unchanged
- NRE expected to increase slightly as product developments in advanced areas continue to progress

Net Sales (vs FY2024/3 results) (Yen in billions) 221.2 200.0 NRE etc. FY24/3 A **Product FX** rate FY25/3 F Revenue **USD/JPY=144.6** USD/JPY=141.3

Product Revenue (vs FY2024/3 results) (Yen in billions) "Special Demand" Sales from the "Special Demand" product excluding 20.0+ **Special Demand** Other DC & NW Existing products By Application Data Center & Automotive Smart Device Industrials New Products FY25/3 F FY24/3 A Networking as of October 2024 (Yen in billions) 20.0+ By Region FY24/3 A China US **Others** FY25/3 F Japan as of October 2024

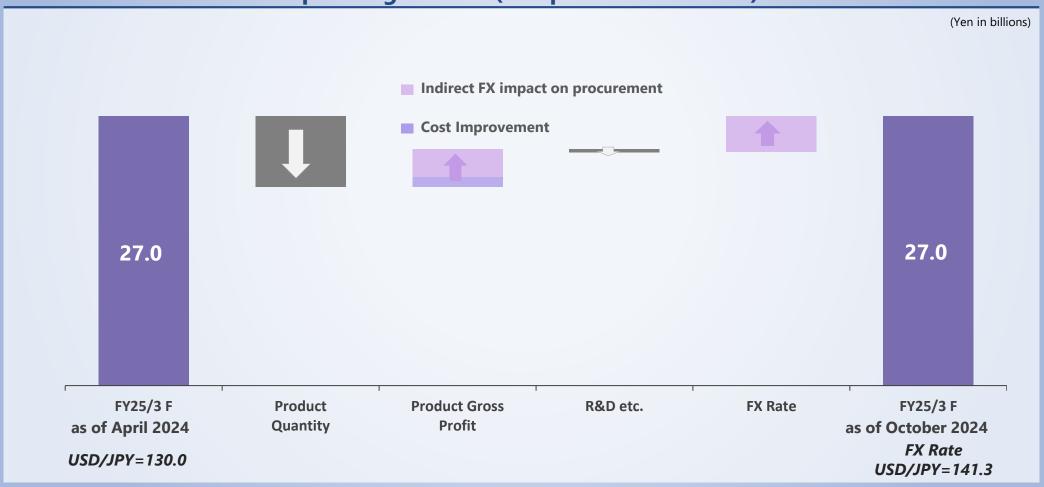
FX rate for 2H FY2025/3 is assumed to be USD/JPY=130. (1H FY2025/3: USD/JPY=152.6)

To clearly show the factors of product revenue fluctuation, "substantial fluctuation", excluding the impact of FX, is calculated by assuming the rate of USD/JPY=130.

Operating Income FY2025/3 Full-Year Forecast (vs. April 2024 Forecast)

Decrease in gross profit due to lower product sales volume to be offset by cost improvement (yield improvement, product mix change, etc.), indirect FX impact on procurement, etc.





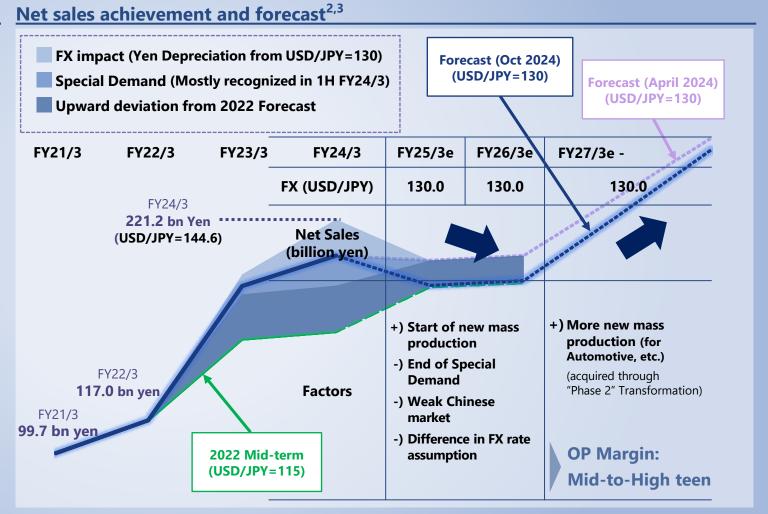
FX rate for 2H FY2025/3 is assumed to be USD/JPY=130.

Illustrative Image of Growth

Net Sales for FY25/3~26/3, substantially (excluding FX impact), expected to decrease by approximately 10% from FY24/3 results and FY25/3 forecast (as of April 2024), due to factors including end of Special Demand and weak Chinese market. Growth should be accelerated again, as automotive projects awarded in recent years enter mass production.

Design Win Amount expanding FY18 FY19 FY20 FY21 FY22 FY23 FY24

- Net sales for FY23/3 and FY24/3 increased significantly due to Special Demand and other positive factors
- There is an impact from factors including weak demand in China telecom business, but another accelerated growth is expected in and after FY2027/3, as new projects enter mass production



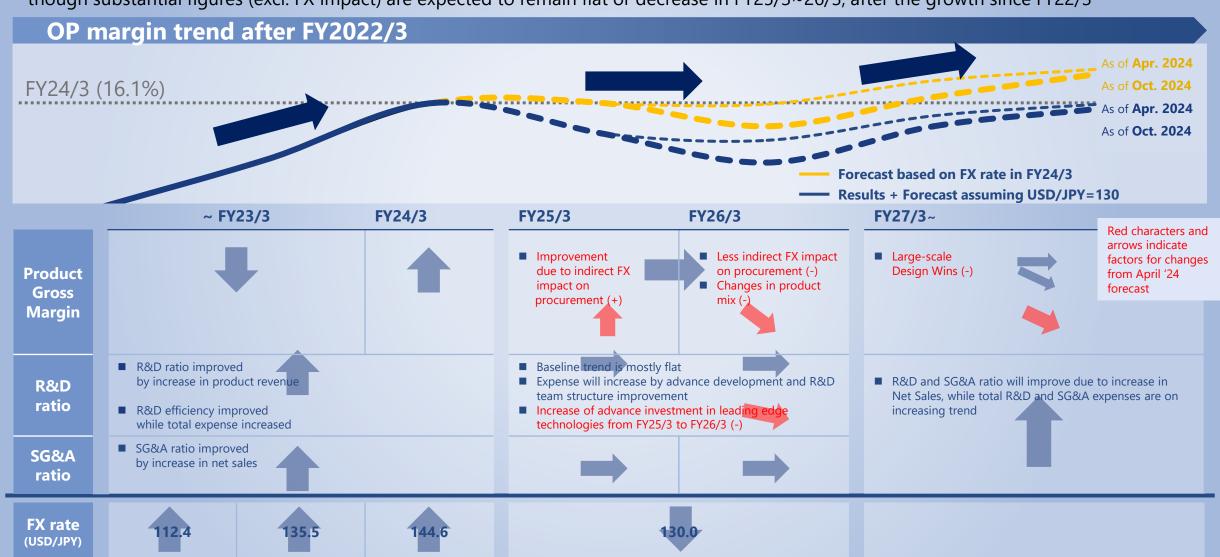
Refer to page 3

3. This slide is from Q1 FY2025/3 presentation, with updated Net Sales forecast for FY2025/3 and beyond. Although our assumptions for FX rate for FY2025/3 and beyond has been revised, this table is based on figures calculated by assuming USD/JPY=130 to show the trend.

^{2.} Net Sales for FY2021/3 and FY2022/3 were based on actual FX rate the time. The upper line chart assumes USD/JPY=130 in FY2023/3 and beyond, to show mid- and long-term growth trend. The lower line chart is Net Sales estimate in 2022 mid-term plan, re-calculated by USD/JPY=115. Upward deviation is calculated using this recalculated Net Sales estimate. At the time of 2022 mid-term plan, Assumption was USD/JPY=125 for FY2023/3, and USD/JPY=115 for the rest.

Operating Margin Trend and Outlook for Future

OP margin expected to grow again in FY2027/3 and beyond as product revenue increases
 though substantial figures (excl. FX impact) are expected to remain flat or decrease in FY25/3~26/3, after the growth since FY22/3



Market Trend, Background of FY2025/3 Forecast and Outlook for FY2026/3 & Beyond

Market Trend / Design Win Status



Automotive

- Innovation continues for ADAS (Advanced Driver Assistance System) and AD (Autonomous Driving)
- Business opportunities remain active for high-performance computing, as well as for zone computing and sensing



Data Center & Networking

- Demand for SoCs for cloud services continues to expand
- Design Wins acquired for data center businesses in the US and India



Smart Devices

- Demand for new technologies remains strong, driven by Al
 - Development projects continue with advanced customers, in applications including computer vision



Industrial

- Demand for Solution SoC business with advanced technologies is expanding, with use of Al and networking
- Business opportunities are increasing for large-scale SoCs for FA and testers, as well as chips incorporating RF-CMOS technologies
- Rapid recovery in product demand is unlikely, but the demand is expected to bottom out in 2H of FY25/3 through 1H of FH26/3, followed by gradual growth

Recent Design Wins:

- Aiming to exceed previous year's level (250 bn yen) for the full-year; on steady pace in the first half
- By Application: DC & NW accounted for more than 50%, followed by Automotive
- By Region: US is more than 50%, followed by Asia

FY2025/3 Forecast

Net Sales to decrease by approx. 10% from FY24/3

Product Revenue

 Sales from products which entered mass-production are in line with the forecast. But demand for China telecom products declined, and demand for FA and office equipment remained also weak. As for full-year, Net Sales, substantially (excluding FX impact), will be lower than the previous year, mainly due to end of Special Demand

Application market:

- Automotive: Steady sales expected to continue
- DC & NW: Mass production started for new Data Center product, but sales expected to decline due to end of Special Demand (-15.0 bn yen) as well as weak demand in China telecom market
- Smart Devices: Demand for existing business is increasing
- Industrial: Mass production started for new measurement equipment product, but sales expected to decrease due to inventory adjustment as well as actual weak demand for FA and office equipment

Geographic region:

- China: Sales expected to be lower due to end of Special Demand as well as weak demand in telecom business, although there will be new mass production and demand increase in some products
- **US:** Overall demand will increase both from new and existing products
- Japan: Sales expected to be lower for FA and office equipment

NRE revenue

- Moderate increase expected as projects in advanced areas, including Automotive, HPC and Data Centers are in progress

Operating Income

 Operating Income is in line with the forecast, with increase by FX rate and cost improvement, and decrease by lower product sales and GM

FX Assumptions for 2nd Half:

USD/JPY=130

FX sensitivity: Sales: 0.5 bn yen / OP: 0.15 bn yen

FY2026/3 & beyond Outlook

Product Revenue

FY26/3:

Looking at the current environment, it is expected to be lower than previous forecast by approx. 10%

- Sales increase from new mass production expected to continue
- Demand from China telecom business will continue to be weak (Demand from FY23 ~ 24/3 may have been front-loaded)
- Weak demand for industrial equipment may also continue

FY27/3 & beyond:

With Design Wins acquired in the recent years, sales growth expected as these projects enter mass production

- Automotive:
 - New mass production will start for ADAS/AD SoCs from FY26 through 27/3
- Industrial:
 - Demand will expand as inventory adjustment level off Demand for testers will increase as demand for large-scale SoCs increase
- DC & NW:
 - Business expansion expected in the US

NRE

- Continue to be in increasing trend



Aggressive investment in leading-edge technologies for further growth

Accelerate "Growth-Oriented"

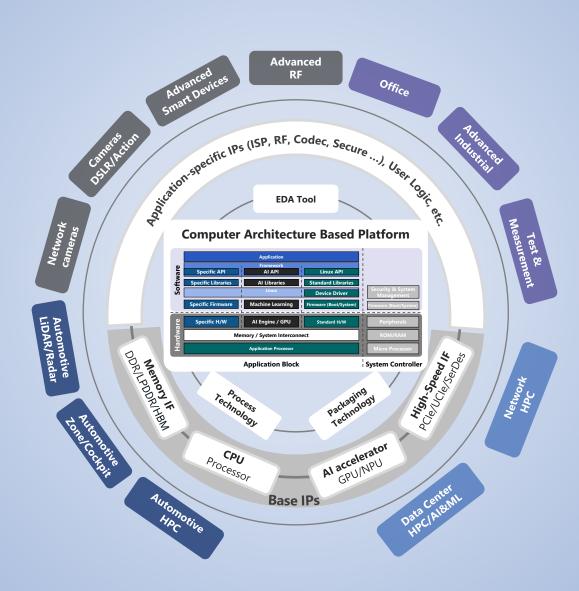
Expanding Business in Each Application Market

Smart Devices

- Demand for new technologies in smart devices area continues to be strong due to expanding use of Al
- Business opportunities active with advanced customers, in applications including computer vision, AR etc.
- Leverage Solution SoC business model and deliver bespoke SOCs required in most advanced applications

Automotive

- Innovation continues for ADAS and AD
- Demand continue to be strong for HPC, as well as for zone computing and sensing
- Business opportunities remain active
- Involved in most advanced bespoke SoC projects in the world
- Leverage Solution SoC business model and establish certain presence in the industry
- Pursue most advanced process nodes
 - Use of 3nm process for automotive (October 2023)



Industrial

- Demand expanding for Solution SoC business model with advanced technologies, due to expanding use of Al and networking
- Business opportunities increasing, for FA and measurement equipment, as well as for custom SoCs using RF-CMOS technologies
- Leverage Solution SoC business model and deliver bespoke SoCs with advanced process nodes, RF-CMOS technology, etc.

Data Center & Networking

- Demand expanding for DC & NW, cloud service SoCs due to increasing demand for generative AI
- Acquiring new design wins in US steadily
- One of few companies in the world with CPU development experience and expertise; aim for business expansion with Solution SoC model
- Continue pursuing leading-edge technologies and process nodes; strengthen and utilize Entire Design capability
- Strengthen partnership with leading IP vendors
- Continue investing in leading-edge technologies
- > Strengthen R&D team structure and capability in US, globally

Advance Investment for Leading-Edge Technologies

Will continue strengthening technology capabilities and R&D structure for future growth, in FY25/3 and 26/3

Socionext's Initiatives

Advance investment for leading-edge technologies

- > Promoting development of testing for 2nm node, in combination with chiplet technologies
- > Implementing advanced packaging technologies: 3D and new die-to-die connection
- > Utilizing leading-edge technologies in new application areas (strengthening partnership with customers)

The system will be considered for a limited number of members globally for the time being

Strengthening design capabilities for Solution SoC model

- Further strengthen capabilities for high-reliability design for new package/assembly technologies including 3D, including those for testing, thermal analysis and in-die analysis
- > Collaborate with EDA vendors to incorporate Al into FE and BE design processes proactively

Increasing engineers in the US, India etc.

[NRE revenue]

Considering introduction of new stock-based compensation system¹

> To attract and secure talented engineering and management personnel

2. This slide is based on the company's own recognition

> Will acquire treasury stock, considering the possibility of using the shares to be granted

Technology Trend

Into the era of 3D and Chiplets

- Evolution of chiplets (Homogeneous >>> Heterogeneous)
- Advancement in process node also continues (2nm / 1.x nm)

Design becoming more complex

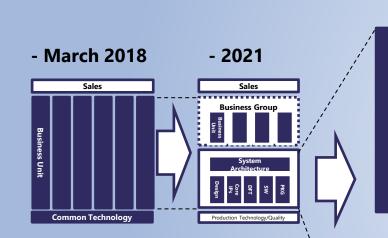
- Difficulties increase for "Entire Design", to cover from operation of the system, thermal design, assembly and testing
- Entire Design is becoming more important

New EDA tool, expanded use of Al

R&D cost structure of Socionext Advance Investment (showing trend --- not exact figures) (1) R&D expenses linked to individual projects incurred in SoC design and development stage after Total R&D Design Win Amount equivalent to NRE revenue Amount (2) R&D expenses NOT linked to equivalent to individual projects Advance difference of **Total R&D** Investment **FY19 FY20 FY21 FY22 FY23 FY24** FY25 [Total R&D] and

Repeated material—
Presentation Material For FY24/3

- Rebuilding global R&D structure in line with the change of primary business areas and the business model
- Reinforcing flexible and scalable "Solution SoC" development platform



Consolidation of BUs led to shift of business areas from TV, and Cameras to Automotive, Data Center & Networking and Smart Devices

2022 -

Leading Global R&D Team

System Architecture Software, IPs, Chiplets, Packaging Advanced Technology



- Reinforce the team as global organization, and build-up a strong global R&D structure
 - Integrate wide range of function including SoC architecture, software, package, thermal consisting of high-level engineering teams
 - Integrate Japanese team with teams from other regions, mainly US, and strengthen activities in US.
 - Shift Japanese engineering resources to US
 - Acquiring talented engineers globally
 - Increase engineers for advanced development
- Focus on design methodology, thermal design, quality, advance technology and other technologies to strengthen "Entire Design" capability In addition to current SoC design platform.

Project Management



Reinforce PM in line with the status of global design wins

R&D Resources



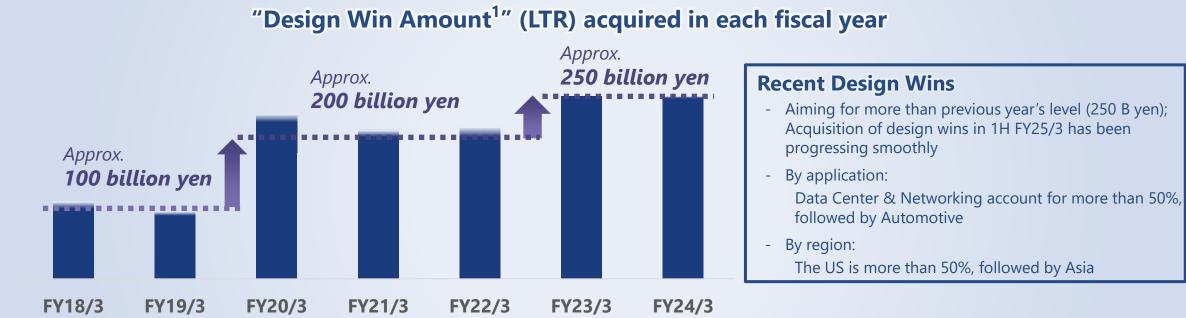
Reinforce resources including outsourcing to non-Japan-based design companies

Ex. Open new office in India, and operate and strengthen internal and external resources under the leadership of U.S. subsidiary

Building a global and competitive R&D structure in line with new and distinctive business model for future growth

Strong Design Wins

- "Design Win Amount¹" has more than doubled through transformation since 2018. Amount was approx. 250 billion yen in FY2024/3, the same level as in FY2023/3.
- Acquisition of Design Wins in the first half of FY2025/3 has been progressing smoothly



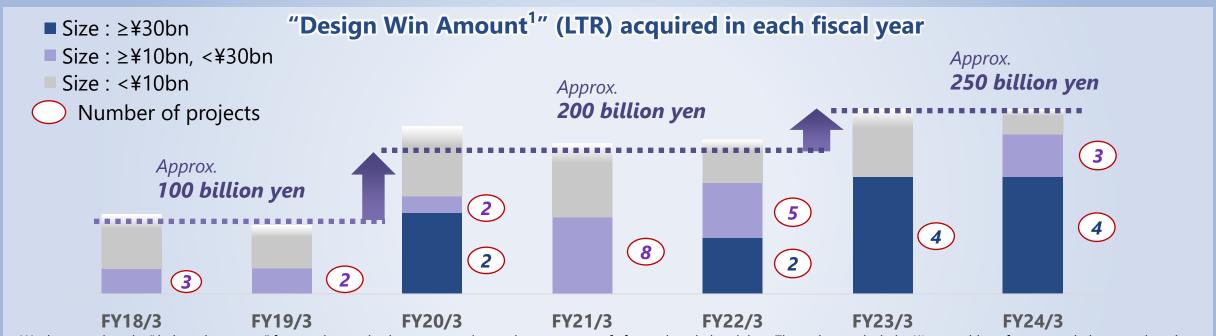
We do not update the "design win amount" for any changes in circumstances that we become aware of after such period-end date. Those changes include: (1) recognition of revenue relating to such projects or any other subsequent changes in the development process, estimated sales volumes, unit prices, available manufacturing capacity or other factors that occur, and (2) any subsequent cancellation of projects. For example, certain projects in primary areas reflected in the "design win amount" for FY20/3, FY21/3 and FY22/3 suffered from subsequent cancellations that accounted for around 20%, respectively, of the relevant "design win amount" shown in the graph above. However, the "design win amount" corresponding to subsequent project cancellations for FY20/3, FY21/3, FY22/3, FY23/3 and FY24/3 were more than offset by the effects of increases in actual or newly estimated unit prices or volumes with respect to some of the projects compared to our original expectations, and thus the retrospective "design win" amounts for such years after taking these subsequent effects into consideration would show a mostly same level to our original expectations. There have been no significant subsequent cancellations regarding the design win amount for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, and ended March 31, 2024, although there can be no assurance that cancellations will not occur in the future with respect to design win amounts for such fiscal year or any prior fiscal year. A foreign exchange assumption of 1USD=100JPY has been used with respect to all seven periods set forth in the above graph.

1. The life-time revenue (or LTR) of the "design win amount" for a particular period reflects our expectations as of the end of such period, based on various estimations and assumptions that we believe to be reasonable at such time, regarding the total future revenue from the design win projects that were acquired during such period, many of which involve a considerable degree of subjective judgment. Actual revenues could differ, and our expectations regarding future revenues could change after such period-end date, due to various factors such as subsequent cancellations, changes in the development process and costs, actual revenues earned, changes regarding sales volumes and product durations, price changes, changes in our manufacturing capacity and the impact of foreign exchange fluctuations, among others. In addition, we continue to refine our estimation methods without retroactively updating past-period amounts. As a result of the foregoing, a direct period-to-period comparison may not be meaningful beyond describing general trends over extended periods. Refer to pages 3.

Increase in the ratio of large-scale Design Wins

Repeated material— Presentation Material For FY24/3

Large-scale Design Wins have been increasing both in numbers and total amounts
 Significant portion of future product shipments is expected to come from large-scale projects, which will improve our business efficiency



We do not update the "design win amount" for any changes in circumstances that we become aware of after such period-end date. Those changes include: (1) recognition of revenue relating to such projects or any other subsequent changes in the development process, estimated sales volumes, unit prices, available manufacturing capacity or other factors that occur, and (2) any subsequent cancellation of projects. For example, certain projects in primary areas reflected in the "design win amount" for FY20/3, FY21/3 and FY22/3 suffered from subsequent cancellations that accounted for around 20%, respectively, of the relevant "design win amount" shown in the graph above. However, the "design win amount" corresponding to subsequent project cancellations for FY20/3, FY21/3, FY22/3, FY23/3 and FY24/3 were more than offset by the effects of increases in actual or newly estimated unit prices or volumes with respect to some of the projects compared to our original expectations, and thus the retrospective "design win" amounts for such years after taking these subsequent effects into consideration would show a mostly same level to our original expectations. There have been no significant subsequent cancellations regarding the design win amount for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, and ended March 31, 2024, although there can be no assurance that cancellations will not occur in the future with respect to design win amounts for such fiscal year or any prior fiscal year. A foreign exchange assumption of 1USD=100JPY has been used with respect to all seven periods set forth in the above graph.

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Appendix:

Overview

- Consolidated Financial Statements
- Breakdown of Net Sales (Quarterly)
- Detail of Design Win
- Company Overview and others



FY25/3 Consolidated Statements of Income

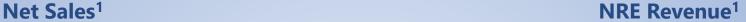
(Yen in billions)	FY21/3	FY22/3	FY23/3	FY24/3	FY25/3 1H	FY25/3E
Net Sales	99.7	117.0	192.8	221.2	99.2	200.0
% YoY	-4%	+17%	+65%	+14.8%	-15.2%	-9.6%
Product Revenue	73.1	84.6	156.8	182.9	80.0	-
NRE Revenue	23.0	28.1	34.9	37.6	18.8	-
Other Revenue	3.6	4.3	1.1	0.8	0.5	-
Cost of Goods Sold	(43.2)	(49.8)	(103.9)	(111.2)	(45.2)	-
Gross Profit	56.5	67.3	88.8	110.0	54.0	-
% Margin	56.7%	57.5%	46.1%	49.7%	54.4%	-
% Product Gross Margin	40.1%	41.1%	33.7%	39.2%	43.5%	
R&D	(39.2)	(43.2)	(49.3)	(53.3)	(28.8)	-
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses (excl. R&D)	(15.8)	(15.6)	(17.8)	(21.2)	(9.7)	-
Operating Income	1.6	8.5	21.7	35.5	15.6	27.0
% Margin	1.6%	7.2%	11.3%	16.1%	15.7%	13.5%
Non-Operating Income (Loss)	0.4	0.6	1.8	1.6	(0.9)	-
Ordinary Profit	2.0	9.1	23.4	37.1	14.6	-
Extraordinary Income (Loss)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	-
Profit before Income Taxes	2.0	9.1	23.4	37.1	16.4	-
Income Taxes	(0.5)	(1.6)	(3.7)	(11.0)	(4.8)	-
Profit	1.5	7.5	19.8	26.1	11.6	19.5
% Margin	1.5%	6.4%	10.3%	11.8%	11.7%	9.8%
FX Rate (USD/JPY)	106.1	112.4	138.7	144.6	152.6	141.3

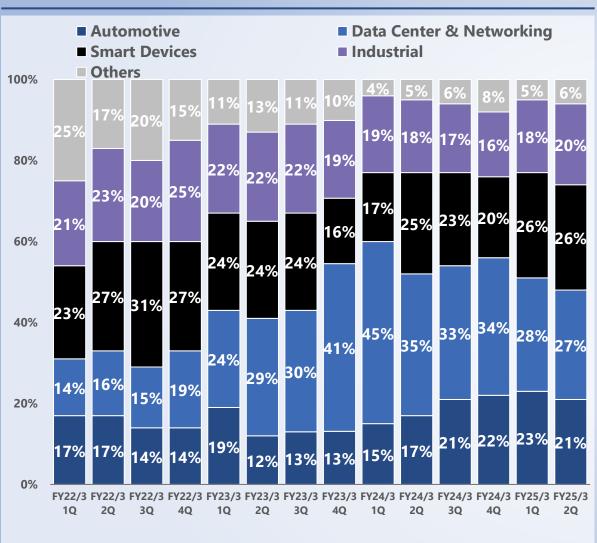


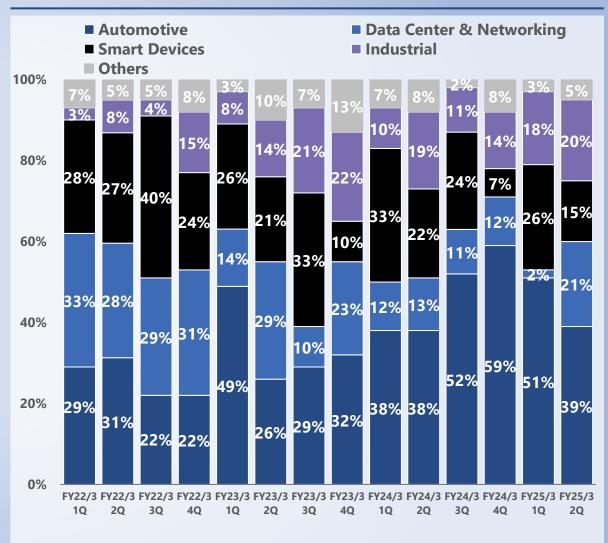
(Yen in billion)	FY21/3	FY22/3	FY23/3	FY24/3	FY25/3 1H		FY21/3	FY22/3	FY23/3	FY24/3	FY25/3 1H
Assets						Liabilities and Equity					
Cash on-hand and in banks	42.7	46.3	45.1	69.7	74.0	Accounts Payable-trade	12.0	16.6	23.4	15.7	12.5
Accounts receivable-trade, net	28.6	25.1	40.8	35.3	29.8	Accrued Expenses	7.4	6.9	30.3	18.2	15.7
Inventories ¹	6.7	16.4	47.7	25.5	19.5	Others	1.9	3.9	28.6	19.1	9.1
Others	2.6	2.9	22.4	8.4	8.9						
Total Current Assets	80.6	90.6	156.1	138.9	132.3	Total Current Liabilities	21.3	27.4	82.3	53.1	37.4
Property, Plant and Equipment	8.9	11.6	17.2	21.8	22.7	Total Non-current Liabilities	1.3	1.4	1.7	2.7	2.5
Reticle	3.7	4.7	5.6	8.1	9.7	Total Liabilities	22.6	28.8	84.1	55.8	39.9
Others PP&E	5.2	6.9	11.6	13.7	13.0	Common Stock	30.2	30.2	30.2	32.7	32.9
Intangible Assets	11.6	12.2	13.0	18.5	17.6	Capital Surplus	30.2	30.2	30.2	32.7	32.9
Deferred Tax Assets	2.3	3.1	6.9	6.7	4.3	Retained Earnings	21.4	28.9	48.6	63.6	70.7
Others	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	Others	(0.1)	0.3	0.8	2.0	1.4
Total Non-current Assets	23.7	27.8	37.9	47.9	45.6	Total Equity	81.7	89.6	109.9	131.0	137.9
Total Assets	104.2	118.4	193.9	186.8	177.8	Total Liabilities and Equity	104.2	118.4	193.9	186.8	177.8

Inventories is calculated as the sum of "Finished goods" and "Work in progress"
 Equity Ratio is calculated as (Total Equity / Total Liabilities and Equity)

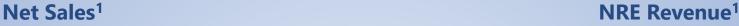
Breakdown by Application Market (Quarterly Ratios)

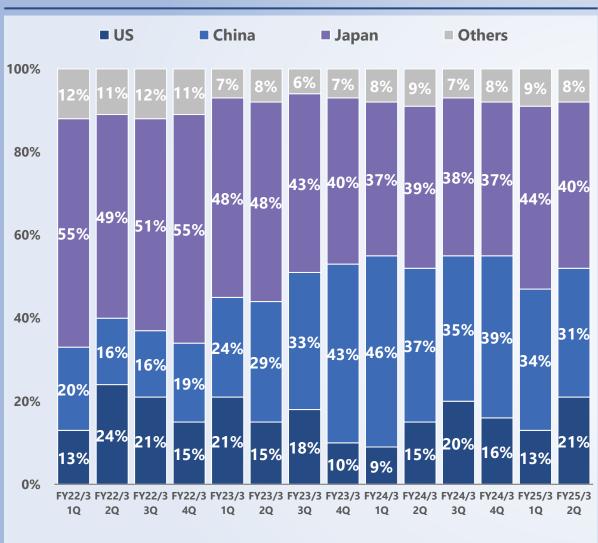


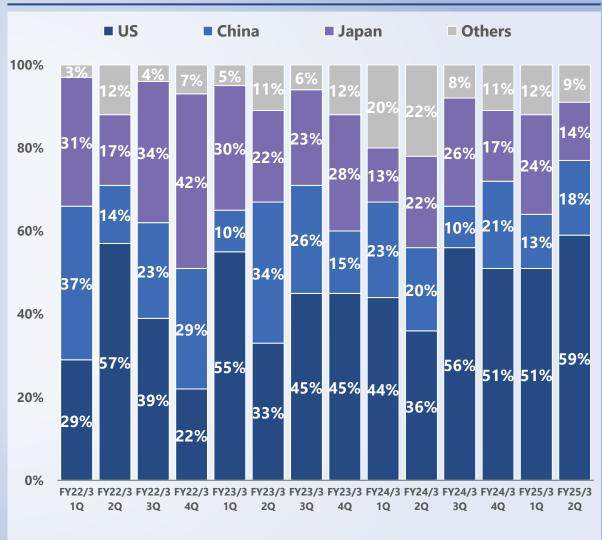




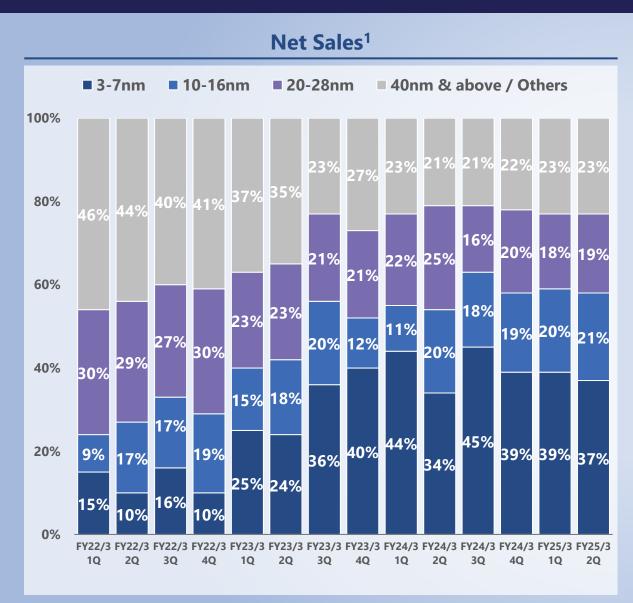
Breakdown by Geographic Region (Quarterly Ratios)



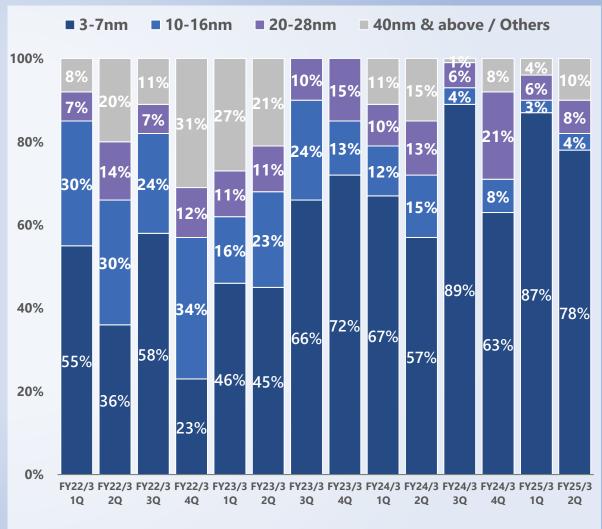




Breakdown by Process Node (Quarterly Ratios)



NRE Revenue¹

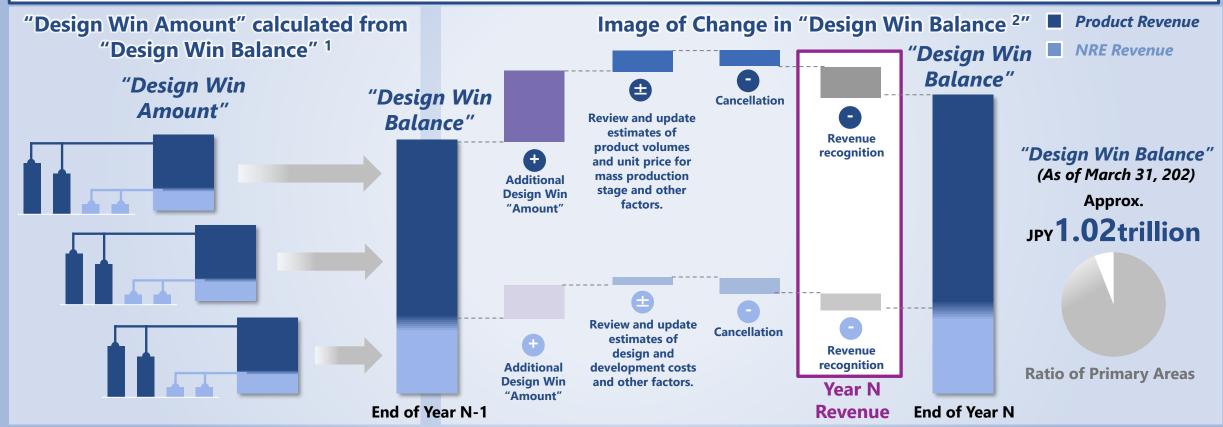


Detail of "Design Win Amount" to Revenue Illustrative Description of "Design Win Balance"

Repeated material— Presentation Material For FY24/3

"Design Win Balance¹" · · ·

"Design win balance" (LTR; Life Time Revenue) represents our estimates of remaining accumulated "design win amount" that is associated with projects that are active as of a particular date. Design win balance thus reflects certain subsequent developments after the end of the period in which such design win was acquired "Design Win Balance" is regularly managed in accordance with prudent procedures to account for future risks.

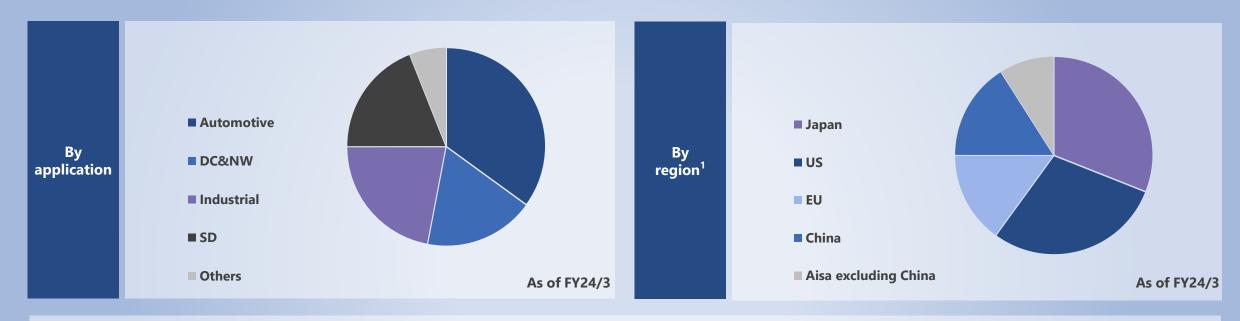


^{1. &}quot;Design win balance" represents our estimates of remaining accumulated "design win amount" that is associated with projects that are active as of a particular date. "Design win balance" thus reflects certain subsequent developments after the end of the period in which such design win was acquired up until the relevant balance date, including (1) recognition of revenue relating to such projects or any other subsequent changes in the development process, estimated sales volumes, unit prices, available manufacturing capacity or other factors that occur, which could either increase or decrease "design win balance" and (2) any subsequent cancellation of projects. For example, certain projects in primary areas reflected in the "design win amount" for FY20/3, FY21/3 and FY22/3 suffered from subsequent cancellations that accounted for around 20%, respectively, of the relevant "design win amount" shown in the graph above. However, the "design win amount" corresponding to subsequent project cancellations for FY20/3, FY21/3, FY22/3, FY23/3 and FY24/3 were more than offset by the effects of increases in actual or newly estimated unit prices or volumes with respect to some of the projects compared to our original expectations, and thus the retrospective "design win" amounts for such years after taking these subsequent effects into consideration would show a mostly same level to our original expectations. There have been no significant subsequent cancellations regarding the design win amount for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, and ended March 31, 2024, although there can be no assurance that cancellations will not occur in the future with respect to design win amounts for such fiscal year or any prior fiscal year. A foreign exchange assumption of \$1=\frac{1}{2}100 has been used. Also refer to page 3 2.

For illustrative purposes only

Design Win Balance by Application Market and Region

Repeated material— Presentation Material For FY24/3



- "Automotive" and "US" increased respectively following the recent strong design wins
- Design Win Balance in "Data Center & Networking" expected to increase, as new business in US is in progress
- Sales in each category expected to grow in a balanced manner in the mid-term, aligned with the composition of Design Win Balance
- Demand for Solution SoC business in "Industrial" is increasing from previously expected level;
 Ratio of "Industrial" in the Design Win Balance remains at previous level
 - * "Industrial" has been separated from "Others" as an independent category

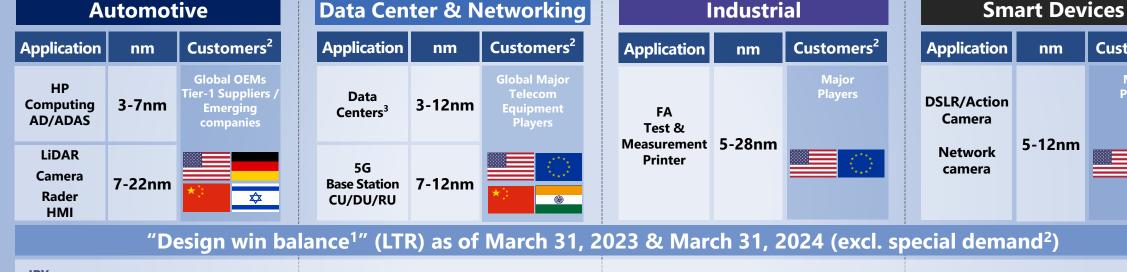
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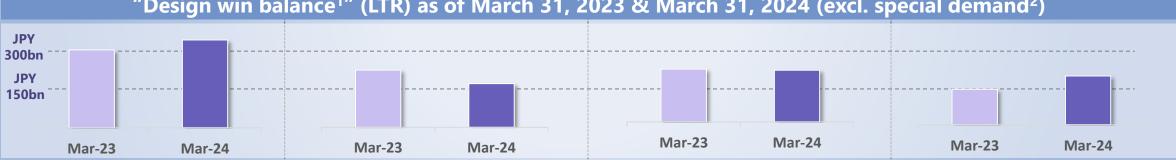
Customers²

Major

Players

- In FY2024/3, Design Win Balance¹ from "Automotive" and "Smart Devices" increased.
- Design Win Balance in "Data Center & Networking" expected to increase, as new business in US is in progress





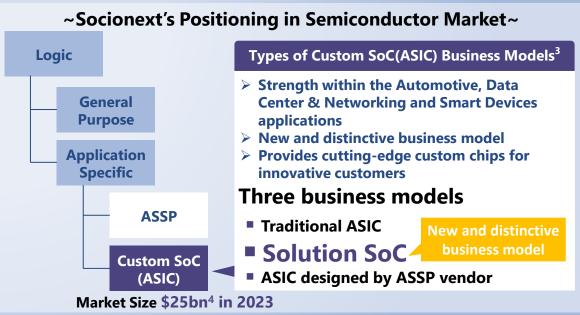
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- Major non-Japanese customers are listed.
- Projects include development of test chips commissioned by external parties.

 Socionext has developed a new and distinctive "Solution SoC" business model to provide optimal custom SoCs to customers who need advanced and innovative chips



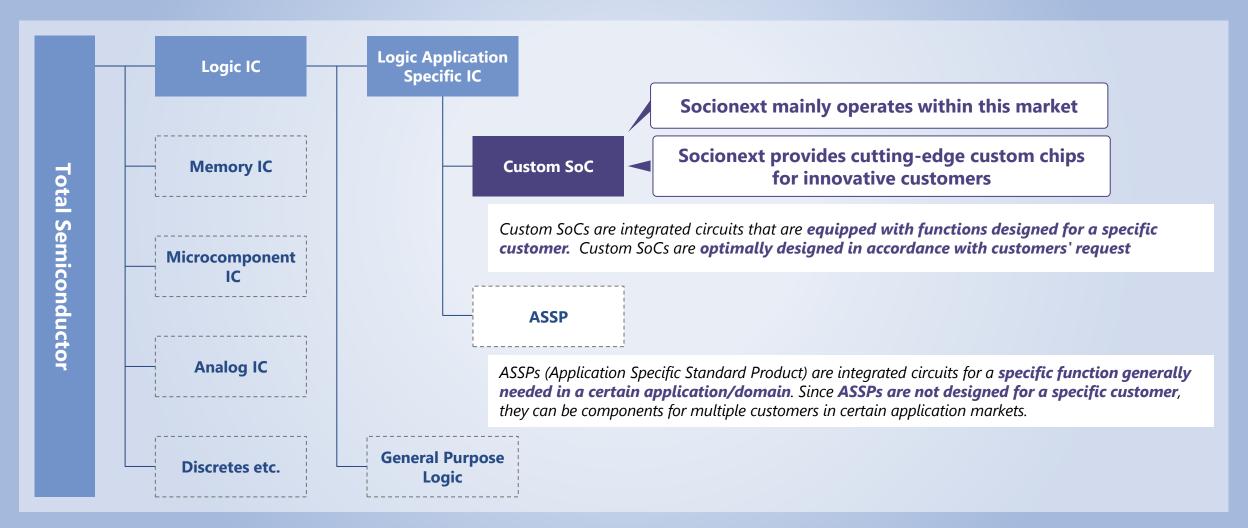
Business Overview (Ratio is NRE revenue breakdown for FY24/3)





- 1. Numbers of employees and engineers are on a consolidated basis
- Number of staff working in divisions relating to technical development and analysis in and outside Japan
- 3. Classifications of these business models are based on our own assessment
 - Market Size estimated by Socionext based on Omdia data "Competitive Landscaping Tool CLT, Annual- 4Q 2023". All market sizes are calculated in terms of USD-based revenue

 Socionext operates mainly within Custom SoC market, where products are designed for a specific customer (Although ASSPs are designed also for specific applications, they are not designed for a specific customer)



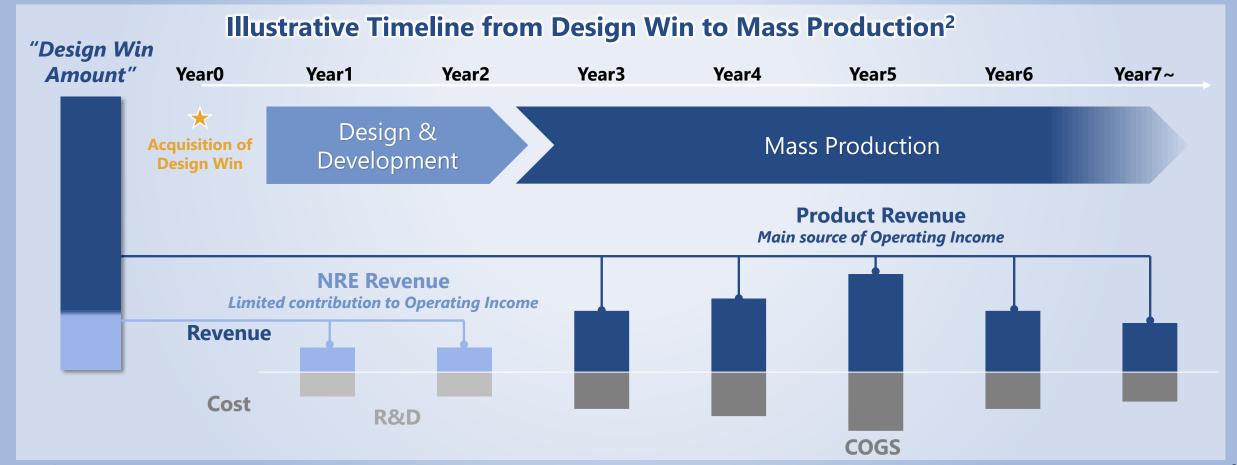
The Image of Timeline from Design Win to Mass Production Illustrative Description of "Design Win Amount"

Repeated material— Presentation Material For FY24/3

"Design Win Amount¹" · · ·

"Design Win Amount" represents estimate of the lifetime demand from design projects. "Design Win Amount" is divided into NRE-based and product-based amounts. "Design Win Amounts" are expected to contribute to product revenue once projects progress to the mass production stage of the project lifecycle. "Design Win Amount" is calculated in accordance with prudent procedures as below

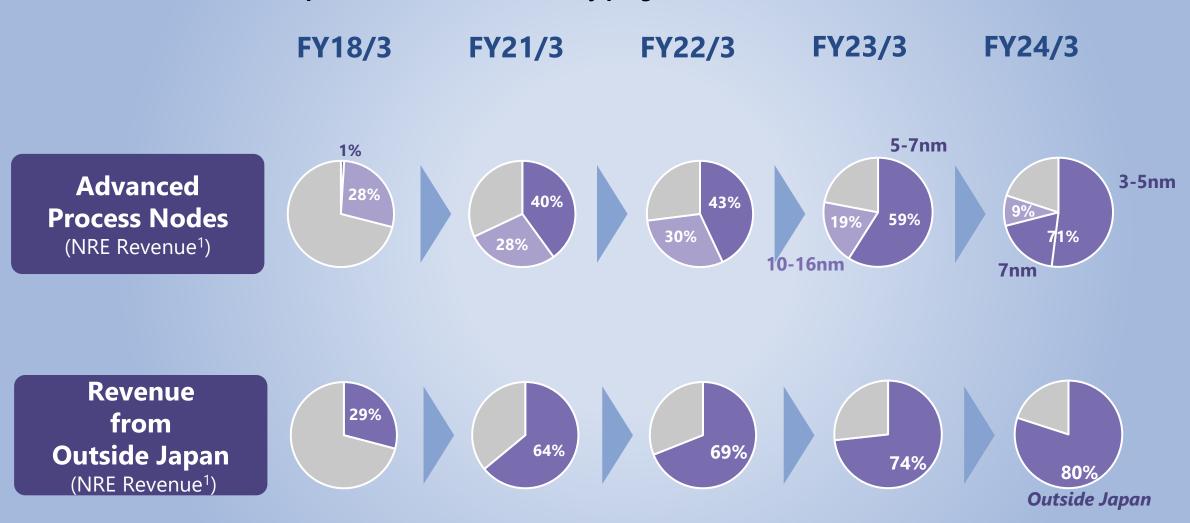
- Each "Design Win Amount" is estimated based on assumptions such as per-unit prices and estimated future product sales volumes, not on sales forecasts provided by customers¹
- A foreign exchange assumption of 1USD=100JPY has been used



- 1. Refer to slide 3
- 2. For illustrative purposes only. The actual timeline of product development to mass production may differ materially based on the product and actual customer demand

Transforming into a Global SoC Company with Cutting-edge Technologies

Shift in NRE revenue¹ composition illustrates the steady progress of our business transformation



socionext

Growth strategy

- Further Growth through "Phase 2 Transformation"
- Solution SoC Business Model
- Growing Demand for Custom (Bespoke) SoCs
- Positioning of Socionext in Custom SoC Market
- Socionext's Development Platform for "Entire Design" for Diverse Fields and Products
 Investing in Leading-Edge Technologies
- Advanced SoC Developments on Computer Architecture Basis in Diverse Fields
- Design Wins Expanding in Each Application Market
- Expanding Business in Each Application Market
- Transformation of Global R&D Structure

Further Growth through "Phase 2 Transformation"

Repeated material—
Presentation Material For FY24/3
(Partially Updated)

Aim for further growth and development through new and distinctive Solution SoC business model and "Phase 2 Transformation", while maintaining top line growth and solid profitability achieved by "Phase 1 Transformation"

"Phase 1 Transformation"

More design wins by "outside-in change"

- Transformation of business model and focus business area
 - → Expand "Design Win Amount" → Expand "Design Win Balance"
 - → Expand product revenue
 - → Expand profit by operating leverage

Further Growth and Development through "Phase 2 Transformation"

- Build and strengthen competitive R&D structure, both in quantity and quality / Invest actively in leading-edge technologies
- Strengthen partnership with global SoC ecosystem players
- Continue high level of design win amount

	FY21/3	FY22/3	FY23/3	FY24/3
Net Sales (billion yen)	99.7	117.0	192.8	221.2
FX Rate (yen)	106.1	112.4	135.5	144.6
OP Margin	1.6%	7.2%	11.3%	16.1%

	FY25/3e	FY26/3e	FY27/3e -
Net Sales (billion yen)	-		
FX Rate (yen)	130.0	130.0	130.0

OP Margin
Mid-to-High teen %

Achieve high growth and OP margin improvement

Repeated material—
Presentation Material For FY24/3

"Together with our global partners, we bring innovation to everyone everywhere"

Socionext will help to bring about a prosperous society by delivering new value to our customers and to people around the world beyond them. We will do this as a valued partner of customers seeking unique and cuttingedge SoCs to differentiate their services and products. We will also do this as a partner of our suppliers providing the latest technologies in the evolving semiconductor ecosystem, including foundries, outsourced semiconductor assembly & tests (OSATs) and providers of intellectual property (IP), electronic design automation (EDA) and software.

Evolution of SoC ecosystem

Foundry, OSAT, Software, IP, EDA, etc.



Socionext "Solution SoC"

Entire Design & Complete Service



Innovative customers seeking "bespoke" SoCs

Automotive, Hyperscalers, etc.

Connecting leading-edge SoC technologies to innovative businesses of customers in diverse fields

Transformation into Global Custom SoC Vendor in Advanced Technology Areas

Repeated material—
Presentation Material For FY24/3

Through a transformation of our business and company culture, Socionext has turned into a global leading custom SoC vendor with a new and distinctive business model that we refer to as "Solution SoC"



Business Model



Focus on ASSP and ASIC

Primary Applications



Expansion of Overseas Business



Mainly
Domestic Focus

Technology



Follower

Culture



Hierarchical Organization



Focus on Solution SoC in custom SoC mkt.



Automotive





Smart Devices Industrial

Growth Market



Global Market



Leader (2nm, 3nm, 5nm)



Quick Decision-Making with a Flat Team Structure

Repeated material—
Presentation Material For FY24/3

Socionext has established new and distinctive "Solution SoC¹" business model to provide optimal custom
 SoCs to customers who require advanced and innovative chips

"Solution SoC" Architecture (Service/Application) Customer **Architecture** (System) Architecture (SoC) Entire Design & Complete Service **Specification** (SoC) **SoC Design** HW SW **Socionext Physical Thermal Mass Production Quality Control**

 Collaborating with customer to design optimal SoC architecture to meet customer requirements and for design efficiency / Identify best IPs and design methodologies from across the entire semiconductor ecosystem / Offer ideal custom SoCs to all types of customers

Socionext

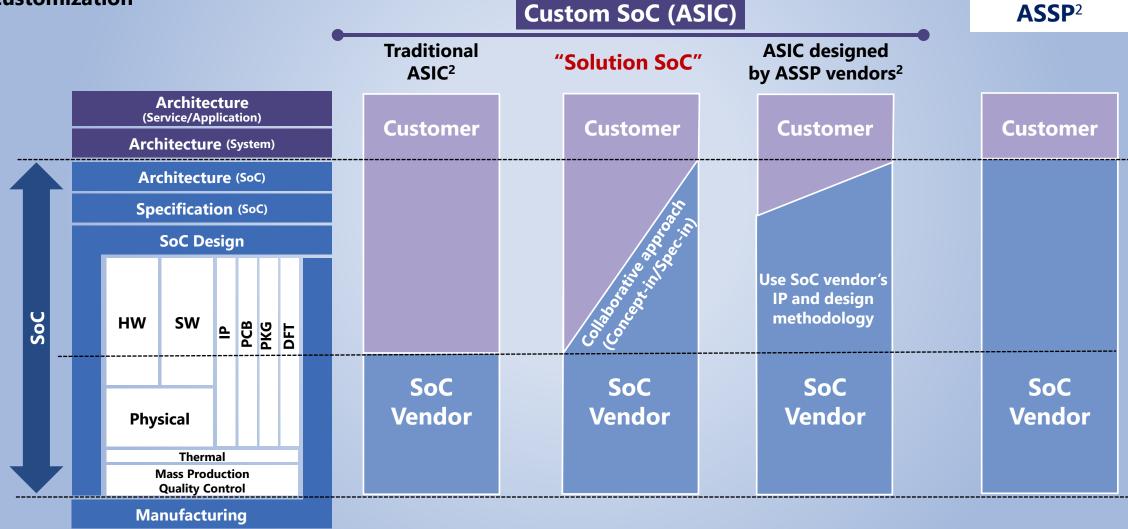
- has <u>diverse engineers with wide range of technology</u>,
 <u>expertise</u> (SoC architecture, · · · thermal and quality)
- ... <u>collaborates with customers</u> who seek unique SoCs (including heterogeneous) to <u>differentiate</u> their products and services in advanced technology areas,
- ... <u>designs optimal SoCs and chiplets</u> by utilizing variety of CPU, AI, Interface and application IPs on its flexible design & development platform based on computer architecture,
- ... ensures quality (including automotive grade), and
- > ... operates with **global production and delivery system** (including for automotive market)

1. This slide is an image based on the company's recognition.

Manufacturing

Repeated material—
Presentation Material For FY24/3

- The primary difference between "traditional ASIC^{2"} and "Solution SoC¹" is how to interface with customers
- The primary difference between "Solution SoC" and "ASIC designed by ASSP vendors²" is the breadth of optional customization



- 1. This slide is an image based on the company's recognition.
- 2. This graphic provides an illustrative framework of the types of industry players based on the company's classifications.

Competitive Advantages of Solution SoC Business Model

Repeated material— Presentation Material For FY24/3 (Partially Updated)

Socionext features "Entire Design" (from SoC architecture to thermal design and quality) and "Complete Service" (full turnkey and production) and deliver unique ("Bespoke") SoCs for all types of customers in diverse industries and products

Competitive advantages of bespoke SoC developed under Solution SoC business model

Compared to Traditional ASIC¹

- Available to provide for bespoke SoC, heterogeneous SoC/chiplets and complex leading-edge SoC design
- Valuable support of software development in early stages and upstream design
- Available for companies with limited in-house resources

Compared to ASIC designed by ASSP vendors¹

 Flexibly draw on ecosystem resources in order to design optimal custom SoCs (as opposed to limited modifications restricted to their own IP and design methodologies)

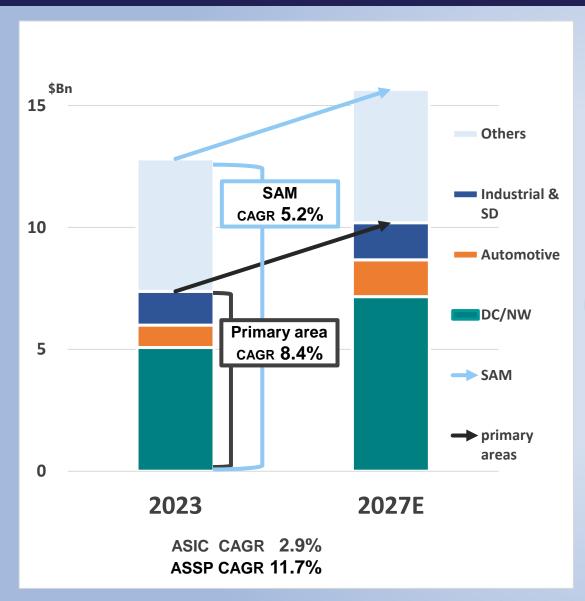
Key Foundations of our Solution SoC Model with our Strong R&D Team

- 1. Understanding Customers
 - Deep understanding of architecture of customer's systems
 - Experience of ASSP business which enables our teams to understand the customer's system, applications and IPs
- 2. Understanding SoCs
 - Deep understanding of SoCs architecture and technologies including IP, EDA tools, packaging, quality control and manufacturing
 - Years of experience and expertise in custom SoC business for wide range of applications and multiple products
 - Entire design capability from SoC architecture to thermal design and quality, and complete service capability including support for full tern-key and mass production in advanced technology areas
- 3. Scale
 - Abundant engineering resources and flexible R&D organization for large scale development including upstream design with architects, system and software engineers, front-end and back-end engineers, and packaging engineers
- 4. Experience
 - Years of experience developing highly reliable products for automotive applications

1. Classifications are based on our own assessment

Growing Demand for Custom (Bespoke) SoCs

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Background of Growing Demand for Custom (Bespoke) SoCs and Solution SoC partner

Emergence of new services and applications

New services and applications emerge through evolution of technologies;

Demand expands for SoCs optimized for such services and applications

Bespoke vs ASSP

- (1) In "More-than-Moore" era, demand is expanding from leading companies for unique SoCs with optimal design to achieve PPA requirement (2) Concerns on lock-in by ASSP vendors: More companies are not satisfied with ASSPs
- Evolution of semiconductor ecosystem

 Leading-edge technologies become more accessible as global semiconductor ecosystem evolve (Foundry, OSAT, EDA, IP, OSS, etc.)

"Entire Design" and "Complete Service"

- Significance of "Entire design" (from SoC architecture to thermal and quality) and "Complete Service" (from development to production control and delivery) are further increasing, as design of leading-edge SoCs becoming more complex and needs for "bespoke" SoCs / chiplets / heterogeneous integration expanding
- New needs in many application markets

 Even in areas that have been served by traditional ASICs, more customers turn to Solution SoC type of development to achieve advanced functionalities, which require integration of various IPs

^{1.} Calculated by Socionext based on Omdia "Application Market Forecast Tool-1Q 2024". " Figures for the market for "logic ASICs" are used for the "Custom SoC(ASIC)"

[.] Market CAGR(2023-2027E) are calculated by (figure of 2027E / figure of 2023)^(1/4)-1.

Positioning of Socionext in Custom SoC (ASIC) Market

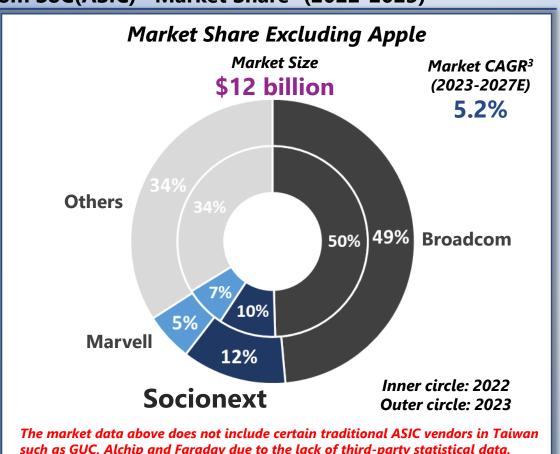
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With the exception of Apple, Socionext has the 2nd largest market share of 12% within the Custom SoC(ASIC)¹ market, where some players can design 5nm/3nm SoCs.

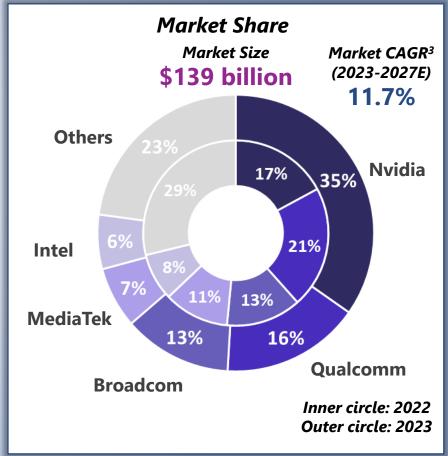
Custom SoC(ASIC) ¹ Market Share² (2022-2023)



These Market Data are estimated by Socionext based on Omdia data



ASSP¹ Market Share² (2022-2023)



^{1.} We define "ASSP" as the "Logic ASSP" segment based on Omdia "Application Market Forecast Tool-4Q 2023". Classification and "Custom SoC(AS)C)" as "Logic ASIC" based on Omdia "Application Market Forecast Tool-4Q 2023". Omdia's classifications of the markets may differ in certain respects from our target markets. Classification are based on the company's recognition

^{2.} These market data are estimated by Socionext based on Omdia data "Competitive Landscaping Tool CLT, Annual- 4Q 2023". All market sizes are calculated in terms of USD-based revenue

Calculated by Socionext based on Socionext internal information and Omdia "Application Market Forecast Tool-1Q 2024". Market CAGR(2023-2027E) is calculated (figure of 2027E / figure of 2023)^(1/4)-1

Strengthening Investments in R&D and Leading-Edge Technologies

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Computer architecture-based design & development

- In major markets in the advanced technology field, common computer architecture-based concepts are becoming the basis for design and development
- "Software-Defined SoC" as part of software-oriented system
- Common challenges for PPA optimization
- SoC technology in More-than-Moore era (chiplet, heterogeneous integration)
- Design becoming more complex (process technology, software, heterogeneous, thermal design, reliability, ...)

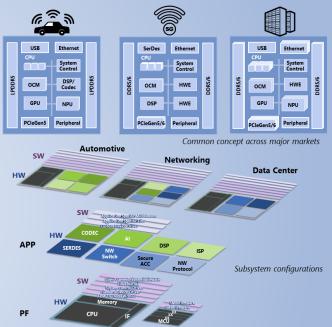
Building design & development platform optimized for "Solution SoC" business model

- Building and strengthening computer architecture-based design and development platform that covers not only hardware but also "Entire Design" for "Solution SoC", including systemlevel software, thermal design, etc.
- Leveraging experiences in multiple applications and products
- Keeping pace with technology evolution while maintaining existing design assets at each functional layer
- Robust platform that also covers software development
- Offering "Entire Design" and "Complete Service" for complex SoC designs

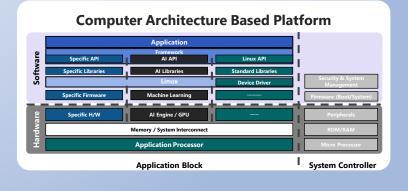
Investing further inleading-edge technologies

- Investing in most advanced process technologies
 - 2nm and 1.4nm
 - · Chiplets (die-to-die interconnect, 2.5D/3D, etc.)
 - Al to support design and development, IPs
- Meet customer expectations for technology evolution by tight collaboration with SoC ecosystem players (EDA, IP and other vendors)
- **♦** Drive innovation with tighter collaboration with SoC ecosystem

- System, subsystem configurations and bus architectures are becoming similar across major applications and closer to computer architecture
- Common design and development platform improves efficiency and profitability



Socionext's "Solution SoC" design & development platform

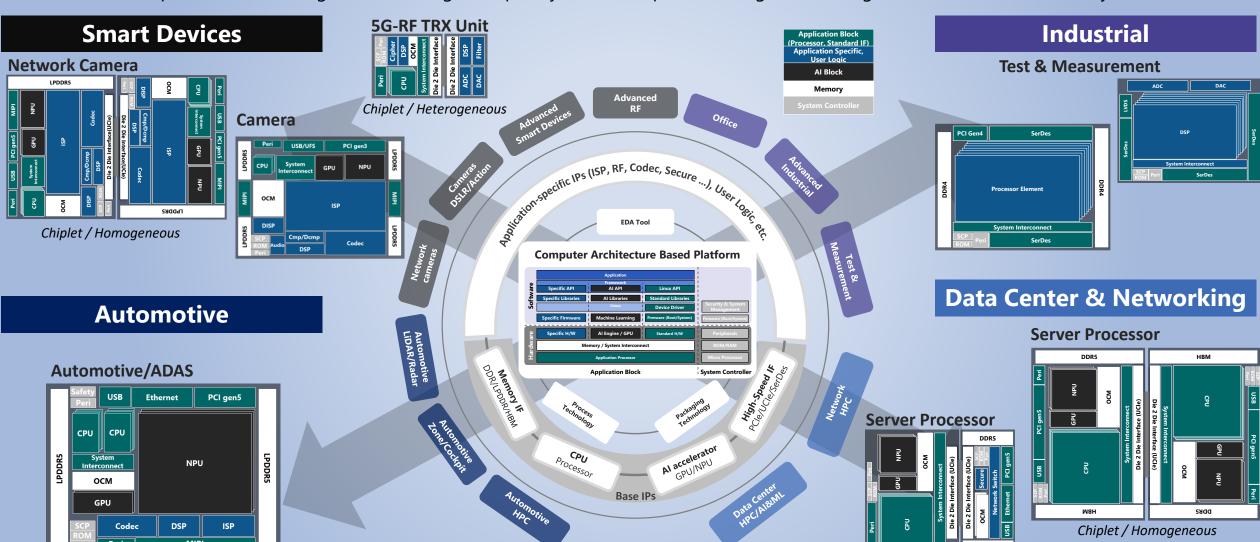


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Advanced SOC Developments on Computer Architecture Basis in Diverse Fields

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- Common development platform established as system configurations across major applications become similar towards computer architecture-based
- Addresses PPA optimization challenges due to design complexity such as chiplets, heterogeneous integration, thermal and reliability



Chiplet / Heterogeneous

Design Wins Expanding in Each Application Market

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Smart Devices







5/7nm Network cameras AR



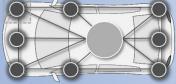


Automotive

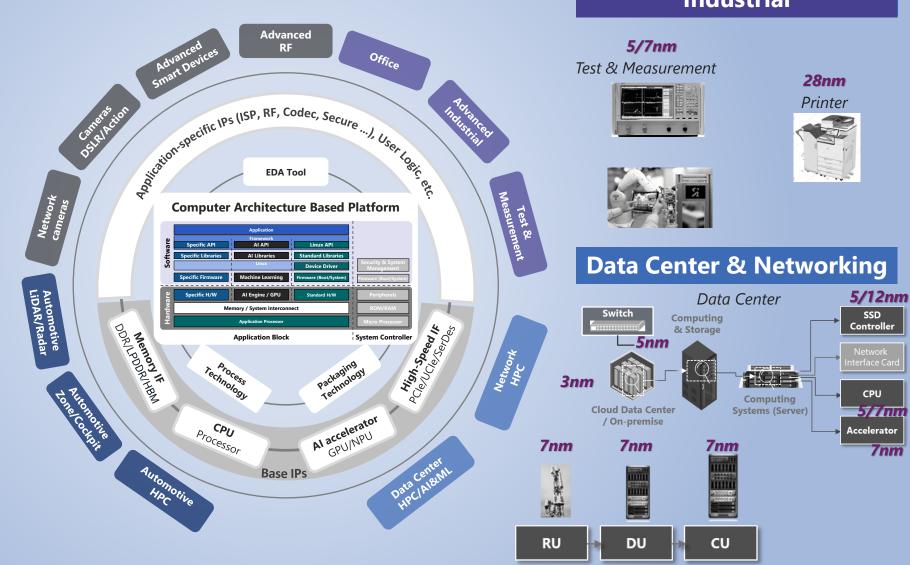












Base Station

Design Wins Expanding in Each Application Market

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Industrial

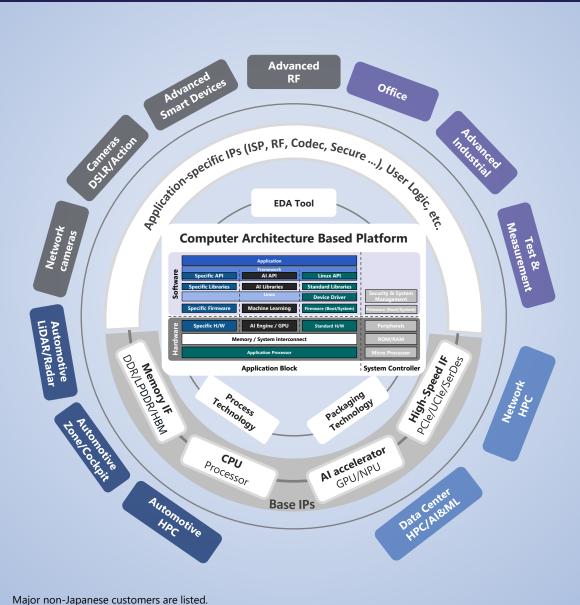
Application nm Customers Network cameras DSLR/Action 5-12 Design win balance Major Players For Players Mar-24



Design win balance



Mar-23 Mar-24



Application Customers¹ nm Major FA **Players** 5-28 **Test & Measurement** Printer Design win balance Mar-24 **Data Center & Networking Application Customers** nm **Global Major** Telecom 3-12 **Data Center Equipment Base Station** 7-12 CU/DU/RU **Design win balance**

✓ Business active in the US



. Projects include development of test chips commissioned by external parties.

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